

**Polba Mahavidyalaya**

**Departmental Lesson Plan 2024– 2025**

Name of the Department: **Geography**

Name of the Programme: B.A. /B.Sc. (Honours for CBCS, Major and Minor for CCFUP/ ~~General~~)

Name of the Course: (Subject) : B.A. /B.Sc. Geography [Honours for CBCS, Major and SEC for CCFUP / ~~General~~]

Period of the Lesson Plan : 1<sup>st</sup> July 2024– 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025

Academic Period	Class.	Paper	Topic to be covered		No of Lectures /Practical	Name of the Teachers	Internal Assessment
			Unit	Topic			
July 2024 – January 2025	SEM-I (UNDER CCFUP)	Major: GEOG 1011 GEOTECTONICS AND GEOMORPHOLOGY	<b>Unit I:</b> Concepts in Geotectonic	Earth's crust and interior: Internal structure with seismological evidences	30	BD	3 <sup>rd</sup> Week of December
				Theories of Isostasy: Airy & Pratt		BD	
				Continental Drifting: Evidences, criticism and importance		BD	
				Sea floor spreading: Process, evidences (Palaeomagnetism)		RH	
				Plate Tectonics: Mechanism of movements, vulcanism, genesis of earthquake and Mountain building		RH	
				Folds and Faults: Origin and classification		RH	
			<b>Unit II</b> Geomorphology	Fundamental principles of Geomorphology	30	AB	
				Denudational processes and resultant landforms: Weathering and Mass movement		AB	
				Theories of landscape evolution: Time-dependent (Davis, Penck) and Time-independent (Hack)		RD	
				Slope development: Theories of King and Wood		RD	
				Processes and landforms: Fluvial and Coastal		AB	
				Drainage development and structure: Uniclinal and folded		RD	
		SEC: GEOG 1051 COMPUTER BASICS AND COMPUTER	Practical	Numbering Systems; Binary Arithmetic	90	AB	3 <sup>rd</sup> Week of December
				Data Computation, Storing and Formatting in Spreadsheets: Computation of Rank, Mean,		RH	

		APPLICATIONS		Median, Mode, Standard Deviation			
				Moving Averages, Derivation of Correlation, Covariance and regression; Selection of technique and interpretation		RD	
				Preparation of annotated diagrams and its interpretation: Scatter diagram and Histogram		RD	
				Internet surfing: generation and extraction of information		BD	
	SEM-III (UNDER CCF)	Major: GEOG 3011 Geography Of India	Unit I: Physical Geography	Geological set-up: Archaean, Purana, Dravidian, and Aryan Rock systems	60	BD	2 <sup>nd</sup> Week of December
				Physiographic divisions.		BD	
				Drainage Systems: Himalayan and Peninsular		BD	
				Climate: Types and characteristics; Significance of Indian Monsoon		RH	
				Soil: Types, Characteristics and Distribution		RH	
				Vegetation: Types and Classification		RH	
			Unit II Economic and Social Geography	Agricultural regions, Green Revolution and its consequences		AB	
				Industrial development since independence		AB	
				Distribution of Minerals and Energy Resources: Iron, Bauxite, Coal and Petroleum		AB	
				Water Resources of India; Inter-state conflicts		RD	
				Regionalisation of India: Views of Spate and Bhatt		RD	
				Human Resources: Population Distribution and population policies		RD	
		MAJOR: GEOG 3012 CARTOGRAPHY & SURVEYING (PR)	Unit-1: Map and Thematic Mapping	Concepts of Cartograms and Thematic Maps	60	BD	2 <sup>nd</sup> Week of December
				Concept of Scale; Reduction and Enlargement of Scale		BD	
				Construction of Scale: Plain, Comparative, Diagonal, and Vernier		BD	
				Diagrammatic representation of data: Star and Age-sex pyramid diagram, Proportional Pie diagram, Ternary diagram.		BD	
				Representation of data on a map by proportional circles, dots and spheres, isolines and Choropleth method, Chorochromatic maps.		RH	

				Preparation and interpretation of Climograph, Hythergraph, Ergograph	100	RH	
			Unit-2: Surveying	Basics of surveying and survey equipment: Concepts of Bearing: magnetic and true; whole-circle and reduced.		RD	
				Numerical problems related to traverse: calculation of Exterior and Interior angles, measurement of area.		RD	
				Open and closed traverse survey using Prismatic Compass; Correction for closing error (Bowditch's method).		AB	
				Drawing of the longitudinal profile and Contouring over closed traverse using Dumpy level and Digital levelling instrument		AB	
				Measurement of Height and distance of objects using Transit Theodolite (Accessible and Inaccessible bases) on horizontal plains with the same and different instrument heights.		RD	
				Measurement of ground slope using Abney level. Determination of strike and dip using Brunton Compass.		RD	
	SEC: GEO 3051 BASICS OF RS & GIS	Remote Sensing and GIS	Remote Sensing: Definition, Platforms, Types, Sensors and Resolution	100	RH	2 <sup>nd</sup> Week of December	
			Satellite Remote Sensing: Principles, EMR Interaction with Atmosphere and Earth Surface; Landsat and IRS Satellites: Sensors and Resolution		AB		
			GIS: Definition, Data Structure (Vector and Raster), Applications		RH		
			4. Downloading of satellite images and preparation of SFCC		AB		
			Georeferencing of Scanned Maps; Digitization of Point, Line, and Polygon features; Digitization of Administrative Boundaries		RH		
	SEM-V (UNDER CBCS)	CC11: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND FIELD WORK	Unit 1: Research Methodology	Defining research problem, objectives and hypothesis. Research materials and methods	60	RH	1 <sup>st</sup> Week of December
				Techniques of writing scientific reports: Preparing notes, references, bibliography (APA Style), abstract and keywords		RH	
				Fieldwork in Geographical studies – Role and significance. Selection of study area and		RD	

				objectives. Pre-field preparations. Ethics of fieldwork			
				Field techniques and tools: Questionnaires (open, closed, structured, non-structured). Interview with special reverence to focused group discussions		RD	
				<u>Unit II</u> Field Work		RH	
				Field techniques and tools: Landscape survey using transects and quadrants, constructing a sketch, photo and video recording.		RH	
				Collection of samples. Preparation of inventory from field data. Post-field tasks		RD	
				Definition, Concepts and Principles of Remote Sensing (RS): Types of Air Photo, RS satellites, sensors and platforms		RD	
		CC12: REMOTE SENSING AND GIS	Unit-1:Remote Sensing	EMR Interaction with Atmosphere and Earth Surface, Sensor resolutions and their applications with reference to IRS	60 60	RD	1 <sup>st</sup> Week of December
				Principles of False Colour Composites (FCC) from IRS LISS-III and Landsat Images (ETM+) data: Image Processing, Pre-processing; Enhancement; Classification.		AB	
				Principles of image interpretation for Forest, Water and Soil		AB	
				Definition and Components of Geographical Information System (GIS) and raster and vector data structures		RH	
			<u>Unit-2:</u> GIS & GNSS	Principles of preparing attribute tables and overlay analysis		RH	
				Principles of GNSS positioning - Uses and Waypoint Collection Methods		BD	
				Applications of Geographical Information System in Flood Management and Urban Sprawl		RH	
				Georeferencing of Scanned Maps		RH	
			Practical	Preparation of FCC using IRS LISS-III and/or Landsat (ETM+) data		AB	
				Preparation of LULC Map by Supervised Image Classification (Maximum Likelihood) using IRS LISS-III or Landsat (ETM+) data		AB	
				Digitisation of Point. Line and Polygon Features and Preparation of Thematic Map (using bar, pie and choropleth method)		RH	

				Preparation of LULC Map by Supervised Image Classification (Maximum Likelihood) using IRS LISS-III or Landsat (ETM+) data		RD	1 <sup>st</sup> Week of December
				Definition, Scope and Content of Cultural Geography		RD	
				Development of Cultural Geography		RD	
		DSE1: CULTURAL AND SETTLEMENT GEOGRAPHY	Unit 1: Cultural Geography	Concept of Cultural Hearth, Realm; Cultural Landscape	60 60	RD	
				Cultural Innovation and Diffusion; Diffusion of Major World Religions		RD	
				Cultural Segregation, Cultural Diversity, and Acculturation		RD	
				Major Races of the World: Distribution and Characteristics		RD	
				Major Races of the World: Distribution and Characteristics		RD	
				Scope and Content of Settlement Geography		BD	
				Definition and Characteristics of Rural Settlement		BD	
			Unit II Settlement Geography	Rural Settlements: Site and Situation		BD	
				Urban Settlements: Census Definition, Urban Outgrowth, Urban Agglomeration		BD	
				Urban Morphology: Classical Models of Burgess, Hoyt, Harris and Ullman		BD	
				Functional Classification of Cities: Harris and Nelson		BD	
				Development of Population Geography; Relation between Population Geography and Demography		BD	
				Functional Classification of Cities: Harris and Nelson		AB	
		DSE 2: POPULATION GEOGRAPHY	Unit I	Determinants of Population Dynamics; Concept of Optimum Population	60 30	AB	1 <sup>st</sup> Week of December
				Theories of population growth: Malthusian Theory and Marxian Approach, Demographic Transition Model		AB	
				Distribution, Density and Growth of Population in India since 1951		AB	

				Population Composition and Characteristics: Age-Sex; Female-Male Ratio		RH	
				Measures of Fertility and Mortality		RH	
			Unit II	Population Composition of India: Rural and Urban, Occupational Structure as per Census of India		RH	
				Migration: Theories, Causes and Types		RH	
				Concept of Human Development Index		RH	
				Population and development: population-resource regions,		RH	
				Population policies in Selected Countries: Sweden and China		RH	
				8. Contemporary Issues in Population: Health and Unemployment		RH	
				Population Composition and Characteristics: Age-Sex; Female-Male Ratio		RH	
				Development of Population Geography; Relation between Population Geography and Demography		AB	
				Determinants of Population Dynamics: Fertility, Mortality and Migration		AB	
			Unit I: Population Geography	Measures of Fertility and Mortality	30 30	AB	3 <sup>rd</sup> Week of May
				Migration: Theories, Causes and Types		RH	
				Theories of population growth: Malthus and Marx; Demographic Transition		RH	
				Population Composition (Age-Sex; Occupational Structure); Population policies (India and Sweden).		RH	
				Development of Settlement Geography		BD	
				Characteristics of Rural Settlement; Site, Situation, types and Pattern		BD	
February 2025 – June 2025	SEM-2 (UNDER CCF UP)	MAJOR: GEOG 2012 POPULATION AND SETTLEMENT GEOGRAPHY	Unit II: Settlement Geography	Morphology of rural Settlements	30 45	BD	
				Urban Settlements: Census Definition, Urban Agglomeration; Urban sprawl, Rural-urban Continuum,		RD	

				Rurban and Periurban			
				Urban Morphology: Classical Models of Burgess, Hoyt, Harris and Ullman		RD	
				Central place theory and Hierarchy of settlements; Urban primacy		RD	
				Fieldwork in Geographical studies – Role and significance, Selection of study area and objectives, Pre-field preparations, Ethics of fieldwork		RD	
				Preparation of Survey Schedule and Questionnaires (open, closed, structured, non-structured)		AB	
	SEC: GEOG 2052 FIELD SURVEY TECHNIQUES	Theory		Interview with special reference to focused group discussions	45 60	AB	3 <sup>rd</sup> Week of May
				Field techniques and tools: Landscape survey using transects and quadrants, constructing a sketch, photo and video recording		BD	
				Collection of samples. Preparation of inventory from field data. Post-field tasks		RH	
				Concept and Classification of Regions		RD	
				Types of Planning; Principles and Techniques of Regional Planning		RD	
	SEM-4 (UNDER CCF)	Major: GEOG 4011 CLIMATOLOGY	<u>Unit I:</u> Elements of the Atmosphere	Nature, composition, and layering of the atmosphere,	60 40	BD	2 <sup>nd</sup> Week of May
				Insolation: Latitude-wise variation of solar incidence. Depletion of Solar radiation within the atmosphere.		BD	
				Heat balance (Terrestrial and Latitudinal), Heat budget.		BD	
				Temperature: horizontal and vertical distribution. Inversion of temperature: types, causes, and consequences. Adiabatic temperature changes		RH	
				Stability and Instability of the atmosphere; Types of instability.		RH	
				Greenhouse effect, importance of the Ozone layer and depletion		RH	
			<u>Unit II</u>	Atmospheric moisture: Vapor pressure, Dew point and		AB	

			<b>Atmospheric Phenomena</b>	Saturation; Condensation: Processes and forms. Types of clouds.			
				Mechanism of Precipitation: Bergeron-Findeisen theory, Collision and Coalescence. Forms of Precipitation.		AB	
				Air mass: Typology, origin, characteristics, and modification.		AB	
				Circulation in the atmosphere: Planetary winds, Tri-Cellular model, Jet Stream		RD	
				Monsoons: Origin and Mechanisms; Theories of Monsoon: Koteswaram, Jet Stream		RD	
				Tropical and mid-latitude cyclones; Thunderstorm		RD	
		<b>MAJOR: GEOG 4012 ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY</b>	<b>Unit 1: Concepts and Approaches</b>	Concepts and Approaches to Economic Geography	<b>60 40</b>	RH	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> Week of May</b>
				Concepts of Goods, Services, Production, and Consumption in Economic Geography		RH	
				Resource: Concepts, significance and classification		AB	
				Factors Influencing Location of Economic Activity and Forces of Agglomeration		AB	
				Location Theories: Von Thünen and Alfred Weber		AB	
				Resource depletion and Conservation, Limits to growth		AB	
			<b>Unit II: Economic Activities</b>	Concept and Classification of Economic Activities		BD	
				Marketplace theories: Losch and Palander		BD	
				Primary Activities: Subsistence and Commercial Agriculture; Forestry; Fishing		BD	
				Secondary Activities: Manufacturing (Iron and Steel in India and Japan, Petrochemical in India and USA)		BD	
				Highways: Roles in Economic Development of India since 1990s		RD	
				International Trade Blocs: WTO and OPEC		RD	
				Tertiary Activities: Types of Trade and Services		RD	
				International Trade Blocs:		RD	



				<b>WTO and OPEC. SAARC, BRICKS.</b>			
		<b>Major: GEOG 4013 MAP PROJECTION &amp; MAP ANALYSIS (PR)</b>	<b>Unit 1: Map projection</b>	<b>Coordinate Systems: Polar and Rectangular. Concept of Geoid and Spheroid.</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>AB</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> Week of May</b>
				<b>Map Projections: Classification, Properties, and Uses. Concept and Significance of UTM Projection</b>		<b>AB</b>	
				<b>Concept of Generating Globe, Grids: Angular and Linear Systems of Measurement.</b>		<b>BD</b>	
				<b>Construction of Projections: Polar Zenithal Stereographic, Simple Conical with two Standard Parallels, Bonne's, Cylindrical Equal Area, and Mercator's.</b>		<b>BD</b>	
			<b>Unit 2: Topographical Maps and Geological Map</b>	<b>Survey of India Topographical Maps: Reference scheme of Old and Open series</b>		<b>RH</b>	
				<b>Delineation of Drainage Basin from Survey of India Topographical Map. Concept of Relief, Slope, and Stream Order.</b>		<b>RH</b>	
				<b>Construction and Interpretation of Relief Profiles (Superimposed, Projected and Composite),</b>		<b>RH</b>	
				<b>Preparation of Maps for Relative Relief, Dissection Index, Slope map (Wentworth), Drainage Density and Stream Ordering (Strahler) on a Drainage Basin.</b>		<b>AB</b>	
				<b>Elements of Geological map: Bedding Plane, Unconformity and Non- conformity, thickness of Bed, Dip, Throw, Hade, Heave.</b>		<b>RD</b>	
				<b>Drawing of geological cross sections: Problems related to Horizontal, Uniclinal, Folded and Faulted structures.</b>		<b>RD</b>	
				<b>Determination of True and apparent dip, identification of dip direction, thickness, and displacement (for faulted structures).</b>		<b>RD</b>	

				Interpretation of geological structures: correlation with topography, geological history.		RD	
SEM-6 (UNDER CBCS)	CC13: EVOLUTION OF GEOGRAPHICAL THOUGHTS	Unit 1	Development of Geography in Medieval period:Arabian	60 60	RD	RD	1 <sup>st</sup> Week of May
			Development of Mapping and Knowledge about the World Regional Geography in the Age of Explorations				
			Classical Geography in19th Century:Humboldt,Ritter				
			Quantitative Revolution and its Critique				
			German School of Thought				
			French School of Thought				
		Unit 2	American School of Thought				
			Indian Contribution to Geography				
			Concept of Determinism, Possibilism and Neo-Determinism				
			Approaches to the study of Geography:Systematic and Regional				
			Classification of hazards and disasters				
			Approaches to hazard study:Risk perception and vulnerability assessment. Hazard paradigms				
	CC14: DISASTER MANAGEMENT	Unit-I	Responses to hazards:Preparedness, trauma and aftermath. Resilience and capacity building	60 60	RH	RH	1 <sup>st</sup> Week of May
			Hazards mapping:Data and techniques.				
			Earthquake:Factors, vulnerability, consequences and management				
			Landslide: Factors, vulnerability, consequences and management				
		Unit-II	Cyclone:Factors,vulnerability, consequences and management				
			Fire:Factors,vulnerability,consequences and management				
			Resource Geography: Its Importance and relation with other sub-disciplines				
			Resource: Concept and Classification				
	DSE 3: RESOURCE GEOGRAPHY	Unit-I	Functional Theory of Resource	60 60	RD	RD	1 <sup>st</sup> Week of May
			Problems of Resource Depletion with Special Reference to Forest, Water and Fossil Fuels				

				Resource Conservation: Principles and Methods	60	AB	1 <sup>st</sup> Week of May
				Concept of 'Limits to Growth'		AB	
				Distribution and Utilisation of Metallic Mineral Resources in Indian Context: Ironore, Bauxite		BD	
				Distribution and Utilisation of Non-Metallic Mineral Resources in Indian Context: Mica, Limestone		BD	
			Unit-II	Distribution, Problems and Management of Energy Resources in Indian Context: Conventional (Coal) and Non-Conventional (Solar)		BD	
				Power resources and problems with reference to Petroleum		RH	
				Contemporary Energy Crisis and Future Scenario		RH	
				Sustainable Resource Development		RH	
				Soil: Definition, Factors of Formation		RH	
				Development and Characteristics of an ideal Soil Profile		RH	
		DSE 4: SOIL AND BIO GEOGRAPHY	Unit 1: Soil Geography	Physical and Chemical Properties of Soil with special reference to Texture, Structure, Organic Carbon and pH		AB	
				Concept of Zonal, A zonal and Intra zonal Soil; Formation and Profile Characteristics of Laterite and Podsol		AB	
				Classification of Soil: Russian and Indian(ICAR)		AB	
				Soil Degradation and Management		BD	
				Definition and Scope of Biogeography, Meaning of Biosphere, Ecology, Ecosystem, Environment, Communities, Habitats, Niche, Ecotone and Biotopes		BD	
				Biosphere and Energy: Laws of Energy Exchange, Food Chain, Food Web and Energy Flow		BD	
				Bio-Geo Chemical Cycle: Carbon, Nitrogen		RD	
			Unit 2: Bio Geography	Factors of Plant Growth: Light, Heat, Moisture, Wind, Soil and Topography		RD	
				Biomes–Concept and		RD	

				Classification; Tropical Rain forest & Temperate Grassland			
				Threat to Biodiversity-Causes, Consequences and Conservation		RD	

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